

The AMPCON converts a photocurrent into an output current between 4 and 20mA. The module is designed for integration into 4-20mA databusses.

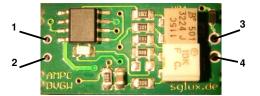
The present module works with a medium gain factor and converts a photocurrent of 2,5µA (adjustable +/-35%) to an output of 20mA. This means, a current higher than 2,5µA will cause saturation.

Other modules with low gain (AMPCON_LO, up to 250µA) and high gain (AMPCON HI, up to 18nA) are available. Alternatively, please refer to the below instruction for changing the gain.



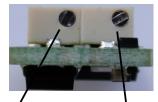
Input solder points	Photodiode Anode = positive terminal of the photodiode
	Photodiode Cathode = negative terminal of the photodiode
Power supply = output	A voltage of 24V is to be applied between V+ and GND. The resulting
terminal solder points	current between 4 and 20mA is the signal, which is proportional to the
	photocurrent.
Dimensions	W x L x H = 13 x 26 x 8mm
Operating temperature	-2080 ℃
Storage temperature	-4080 ℃
The signal offset and the amplification factor are adjustable with potentiometers. (see description)	
RoHS-compliant to 2002/95/EG.	

Connection:



Input solder points 1 Photodiode anode 2 Photodiode cathode Power supply solder points

Offset and gain fine adjustment:



gain adjustment turn left to raise the gain turn right to lower the gain 3 V+ power supply

4 GND power supply

offset adjustment turn right to raise the offset

turn left to lower the offset

How to change the gain:



 R_F and C_F might have another appearance than in the picture.

To change the gain (measurement range) in a larger scale, please change the feedback resistor R_F (the present value is 1 MΩ).

To calculate R_{Fnew} for the new resistor, please use this formula:

R_{Fnew}(in MΩ)=2160/I_{max}(in nA)

 $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize max}}$ is the max. measurable photocurrent. It is adjustable +/- 35% with the gain potentiometer. The capacitor C_F (the default value is 100nF) is

influencing the time constant au of the measurement system. The present time constant is 10ms. It is calculated with the formula:

 τ in ms=C_F(in nF)* R_F(in M Ω)

maximum ratings $5k\Omega < R_{Fnew} < 3G\Omega$ and $\tau > 1ms$

Rev 1.1

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